



**Smithsonian Institution**

*National Museum of African American History and Culture*

## **Delegate Magazine 1976**

Extracted on Apr-18-2024 03:08:09

**The Smithsonian Institution thanks all digital volunteers that transcribed and reviewed this material. Your work enriches Smithsonian collections, making them available to anyone with an interest in using them.**

The Smithsonian Institution (the "Smithsonian") provides the content on this website ([transcription.si.edu](https://transcription.si.edu)), other Smithsonian websites, and third-party sites on which it maintains a presence ("SI Websites") in support of its mission for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge." The Smithsonian invites visitors to use its online content for personal, educational and other non-commercial purposes. By using this website, you accept and agree to abide by the [following terms](#).

- If sharing the material in personal and educational contexts, please cite the National Museum of African American History and Culture as source of the content and the project title as provided at the top of the document. Include the accession number or collection name; when possible, link to the National Museum of African American History and Culture website.
- If you wish to use this material in a for-profit publication, exhibition, or online project, please contact National Museum of African American History and Culture or [transcribe@si.edu](mailto:transcribe@si.edu)

For more information on this project and related material, contact the National Museum of African American History and Culture. [See this project](#) and other collections in the Smithsonian Transcription Center.

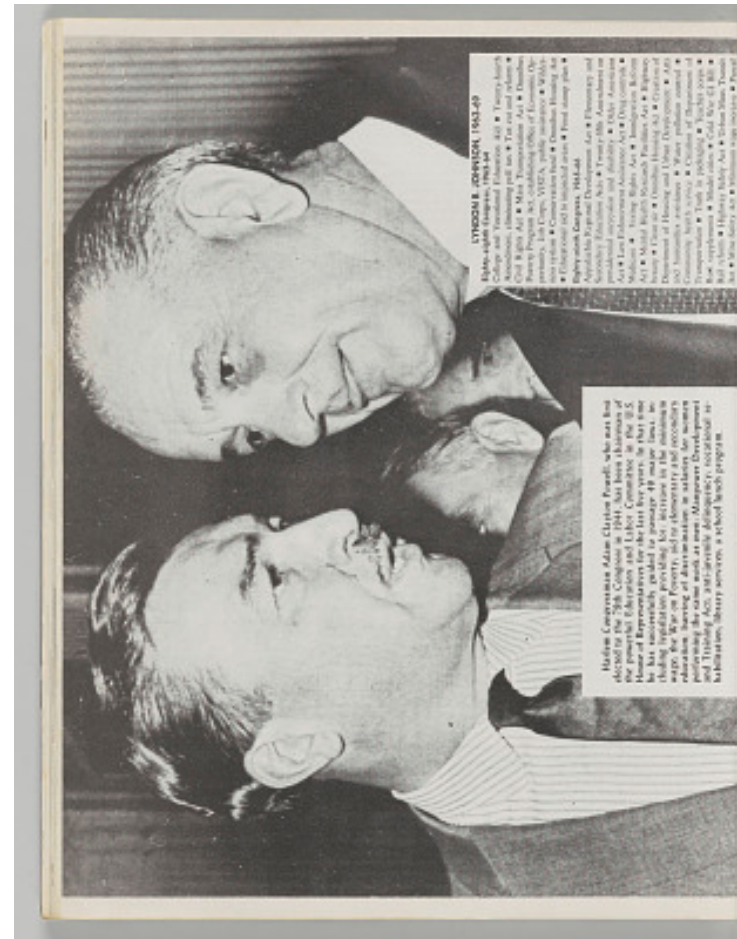
[[image--black and white photograph of Adam Clayton Powell and Lyndon B. Johnson talking]]

Harlem Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, who was first elected to the 79th Congress in 1944, has been chairman of the powerful Education and Labor Committee in the U.S. House of Representatives for the last five years. In that time, he has successfully guided to passage 49 major laws, including legislation provided for: increase in the minimum wage; the War on Poverty; aid to elementary and secondary education; barring of discrimination in salaries for women performing the same work as men; Manpower Development and Training Act; anti-juvenile delinquency; vocational rehabilitation; library services; a school lunch program.

#### LYNDON B. JOHNSON, 1963-1969

Eighty-eighth Congress, 1963-1964  
 College and Vocational Education Aid \* Twenty-fourth Amendment, eliminating poll tax \* Tax cut and reform \* Civil Rights Act \* Mass Transportation Act \* Omnibus Poverty Program Act, establishing Officer of Economic Opportunity, Job Corps, VISTA, public assistance \* Wilderness system \* Conservation fund \* Omnibus Housing Act \* Educational aid to impacted areas \* Food stamp plan \*

Eighty-ninth Congress, 1965-1966  
 Appalachia Regional Development Act \* Elementary and Secondary Education Acts \* Twenty-fifth Amendment on presidential succession and disability \* Older Americans Act \* Law Enforcement Assistance Act \* Drug controls \* Medicare \* Voting Rights Act \* Immigration Reform Act \* Mental Health Research Facilities Act \* Highway beauty \* Clean air \* Omnibus Housing Act \* Creation of Department of Housing and Urban Development \* Arts and humanities assistance \* Water pollution control \* Community health services \* Creation of Department of Transportation \* Truth in packaging \* Teacher corps \* Rent supplements \* Model cities \* Cold War GI Bill \* Bail reform \* Highway Safety Act \* Urban Mass Transit Act \* Mine Safety Act \* Minimum wage increase \* Parcel post reform \* Freedom of Information Act \*



Delegate Magazine 1976  
 Transcribed and Reviewed by Digital Volunteers  
 Extracted Apr-18-2024 03:08:09



## Smithsonian Institution

*National Museum of African American History and Culture*

The mission of the Smithsonian is the increase and diffusion of knowledge - shaping the future by preserving our heritage, discovering new knowledge, and sharing our resources with the world. Founded in 1846, the Smithsonian is the world's largest museum and research complex, consisting of 19 museums and galleries, the National Zoological Park, and nine research facilities. Become an active part of our mission through the Transcription Center. Together, we are discovering secrets hidden deep inside our collections that illuminate our history and our world.

Join us!

The Transcription Center: <https://transcription.si.edu>

On Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/SmithsonianTranscriptionCenter>

On Twitter: [@TranscribeSI](https://twitter.com/TranscribeSI)

Connect with the Smithsonian

Smithsonian Institution: [www.si.edu](http://www.si.edu)

On Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/Smithsonian>

On Twitter: [@smithsonian](https://twitter.com/smithsonian)