## Grace F. Thorpe collection - Scrapbook: Return Surplus Lands to Indian People, 1971

Extracted on Apr-23-2024 07:42:08

The Smithsonian Institution thanks all digital volunteers that transcribed and reviewed this material. Your work enriches Smithsonian collections, making them available to anyone with an interest in using them.

The Smithsonian Institution (the "Smithsonian") provides the content on this website (transcription.si.edu), other Smithsonian websites, and third-party sites on which it maintains a presence ("SI Websites") in support of its mission for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge." The Smithsonian invites visitors to use its online content for personal, educational and other non-commercial purposes. By using this website, you accept and agree to abide by the following terms.

- If sharing the material in personal and educational contexts, please cite the National Museum of the American Indian Archives Center as source of the content and the project title as provided at the top of the document. Include the accession number or collection name; when possible, link to the National Museum of the American Indian Archives Center website.
- If you wish to use this material in a for-profit publication, exhibition, or online project, please contact National Museum of the American Indian Archives Center or transcribe@si.edu

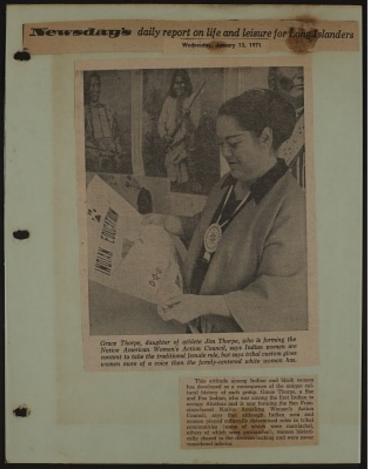
For more information on this project and related material, contact the National Museum of the American Indian Archives Center. See this project and other collections in the Smithsonian Transcription Center.

[[banner]] Newsday's daily report on life and leisure for Long Islanders Wednesday, January 13, 1971

[[image - photograph]]

[[photo caption]] Grace Thorpe, daughter of athlete Jim Thorpe, who is forming the Native American Women's Action Council, says Indian women are content to take the traditional female role, but says tribal custom gives women more of a voice than the family-centered white woman has.

This attitude among Indian and black women has developed as a consequence of the unique cultural history of each group. Grace Thorpe, a Sac and Fox Indian, who was among the first Indian to occupy Alcatraz and is now forming the San Francisco-based Native American Women's Action Council, says that although Indian men and women played culturally determined roles in tribal communities (some of which were matriarchal, others of which were patriarchal), women historically shared in the decision-making and were never considered inferior.



Grace F. Thorpe collection - Scrapbook: Return Surplus Lands to Indian People, 1971
Transcribed and Reviewed by Digital Volunteers
Extracted Apr-23-2024 07:42:08



## **Smithsonian Institution**

National Museum of the American Indian Archives Center

The mission of the Smithsonian is the increase and diffusion of knowledge - shaping the future by preserving our heritage, discovering new knowledge, and sharing our resources with the world. Founded in 1846, the Smithsonian is the world's largest museum and research complex, consisting of 19 museums and galleries, the National Zoological Park, and nine research facilities. Become an active part of our mission through the Transcription Center. Together, we are discovering secrets hidden deep inside our collections that illuminate our history and our world.

Join us!

The Transcription Center: https://transcription.si.edu
On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/SmithsonianTranscriptionCenter

On Twitter: @TranscribeSI

Connect with the Smithsonian Smithsonian Institution: www.si.edu

On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/Smithsonian

On Twitter: @smithsonian