

"Distribution of the Shoshonians in the San Joaquin-Tulare Valley of California" 1905

Extracted on Mar-28-2024 10:28:28

The Smithsonian Institution thanks all digital volunteers that transcribed and reviewed this material. Your work enriches Smithsonian collections, making them available to anyone with an interest in using them.

The Smithsonian Institution (the "Smithsonian") provides the content on this website (transcription.si.edu), other Smithsonian websites, and third-party sites on which it maintains a presence ("SI Websites") in support of its mission for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge." The Smithsonian invites visitors to use its online content for personal, educational and other non-commercial purposes. By using this website, you accept and agree to abide by the following terms.

- If sharing the material in personal and educational contexts, please cite the National Anthropological Archives as source of the content and the project title as provided at the top of the document. Include the accession number or collection name; when possible, link to the National Anthropological Archives website.
- If you wish to use this material in a for-profit publication, exhibition, or online project, please contact National Anthropological Archives or transcribe@si.edu

For more information on this project and related material, contact the National Anthropological Archives. See this project and other collections in the Smithsonian Transcription Center.

Shoshonean [underlined]

Current Tribal Names that are Ambiguous [underlined]

Considerable confusion and obscurity exists in regard to the proper nomenclature of many Shoshonean tribes owing to the use of the same terms for different tribes and both for individual tribes and larger groups. The difficulty is caused by the fact that the great majority of tribes have no name for themselves but call themselves simply people. Over the greater part of the territory of this widespread family the word num, or some variant such as the Ute novinch, is thus used. In Southern California another stem appears with the same meaning but has the same use. Such tribal names as Ute, Paiute, Monachi, Chemehuevi, and most others, are not used by the people whom they designate but only by other tribes in referring to them. Such other tribes, especially if of a different linguistic stock, were frequently not discriminating in the use of such a term but extended it to more distant and to them less known members of the Shoshonean family. This happened the more frequently because the political organization of the Shoshoneans was on the whole quite loose and indefinite. White explorers, traders, and travellers entering Shoshonean territory often extended the name of the first group with whom they came in contact, such as Shoshoni, Ute, or Paiute, to all the Indians of the family of whom they had knowledge.

Sheshoum

Current Tribal hours that are autignous

Considerable confusion and obscurity exists in regard to the proper nomenclature of many Shouhonean tribes owing to the use of the same terms for different bribes and both for individual tribes and larger groups, The difficulty is caused by the fact that the greatemjority of tribes have no name for themselves but call themselves simply people. Over the greater part of the territory of this midespread family the word num, or some variant such as the Ute novineh, is thus used. In Southern Californio another oten appears with the same meaning but has the same use. Such tribal mames as Ute, Painte, Monachi, Chemehuevi, and most others, are not used by the people whom they designate but only by other tribes in referring to them. Such other tribes, especially if of a different linguistic stock, were frequently not discriminating in the use of such a term but extended it to more distant and to them less known members of the Shoshonean family. This happened the more frequently because the political organization of the Shophoneans was on the whole quite loose and indefinite. White explorers, traders, and travellers entering Shoshoneun territory often extended the name of the first group with whom they came in contact, such as Encahoni, Ute, or Faiute, to all the Indians of the family of whem they had knowledge.

"Distribution of the Shoshonians in the San Joaquin-Tulare Valley of California" 1905 Transcribed and Reviewed by Digital Volunteers Approved by Smithsonian Staff Extracted Mar-28-2024 10:28:28



The mission of the Smithsonian is the increase and diffusion of knowledge - shaping the future by preserving our heritage, discovering new knowledge, and sharing our resources with the world. Founded in 1846, the Smithsonian is the world's largest museum and research complex, consisting of 19 museums and galleries, the National Zoological Park, and nine research facilities. Become an active part of our mission through the Transcription Center. Together, we are discovering secrets hidden deep inside our collections that illuminate our history and our world.

Join us!

The Transcription Center: https://transcription.si.edu
On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/SmithsonianTranscriptionCenter

On Twitter: @TranscribeSI

Connect with the Smithsonian Smithsonian Institution: www.si.edu

On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/Smithsonian

On Twitter: @smithsonian