

Alexander Wetmore - Field Notes, August - December 1904

Extracted on Mar-29-2024 05:25:28

The Smithsonian Institution thanks all digital volunteers that transcribed and reviewed this material. Your work enriches Smithsonian collections, making them available to anyone with an interest in using them.

The Smithsonian Institution (the "Smithsonian") provides the content on this website (transcription.si.edu), other Smithsonian websites, and third-party sites on which it maintains a presence ("SI Websites") in support of its mission for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge." The Smithsonian invites visitors to use its online content for personal, educational and other non-commercial purposes. By using this website, you accept and agree to abide by the following terms.

- If sharing the material in personal and educational contexts, please cite the Smithsonian Institution Archives as source of the content and the project title as provided at the top of the document. Include the accession number or collection name; when possible, link to the Smithsonian Institution Archives website.
- If you wish to use this material in a for-profit publication, exhibition, or online project, please contact Smithsonian Institution Archives or transcribe@si.edu

For more information on this project and related material, contact the Smithsonian Institution Archives. See this project and other collections in the Smithsonian Transcription Center.

[[preprinted]] 2 [[/preprinted]]

324 Vireo flavifrons (con.)

Louisiana Water Thrush

Yellow throated Vireo

Chickadee, Red-eyed Vireo, Cerulean Warbler & Redstart American Bittern

[[end page]] [[start page]]

[[preprinted]] 3 [[/preprinted]]

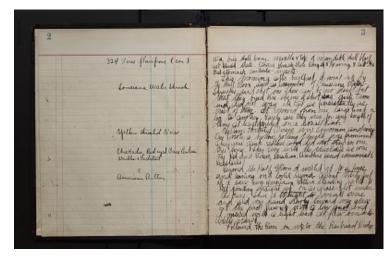
Wis, iris dull brown. Maxilla & tip of mandible dull black. rest bluish slate. tarsus bluish slate. Length 5 1/4 wing 3. tail 1 15/16 [[male symbol]] ad. stomach contents insects.

This morning after breakfast I went up by the Half Moon. Saw a number of Louisiana Water-Thrushes and shot one. There can be no doubt but that they breed here, the one I shot was quite tame and did not wag its tail as persistently as most of them. It moved from one large limb or log to another. Rarely are they seen for any length of time at least perched on a small limb.

Yellow-throated Vireos were common and noisy. One note, a hollow rolling Chuckle was prominent. They were quite restless and did not stay in one tree long. They were with the Chickadees, as were the Red-eyed Vireos, Cerulean Warblers and innumerable Redstarts.

Beyond the Half Moon I walked up to a fence and leaning on it looked beyond. About thirty feet off I saw an American Bittern standing with its bill pointing straight up, in a grass-plot under the trees. Then I thought to make sure and slid my hand slowly toward my glass but the bird flew up with a low [[underlined]] quor [[/underlined]] and I missed with a light load. It flew over into Udell's Marsh.

Followed the River on up to the Railroad Bridge



Alexander Wetmore - Field Notes, August - December 1904 Transcribed and Reviewed by Digital Volunteers Extracted Mar-29-2024 05:25:28



The mission of the Smithsonian is the increase and diffusion of knowledge - shaping the future by preserving our heritage, discovering new knowledge, and sharing our resources with the world. Founded in 1846, the Smithsonian is the world's largest museum and research complex, consisting of 19 museums and galleries, the National Zoological Park, and nine research facilities. Become an active part of our mission through the Transcription Center. Together, we are discovering secrets hidden deep inside our collections that illuminate our history and our world.

Join us!

The Transcription Center: https://transcription.si.edu
On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/SmithsonianTranscriptionCenter

On Twitter: @TranscribeSI

Connect with the Smithsonian Smithsonian Institution: www.si.edu

On Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/Smithsonian

On Twitter: @smithsonian